MATH 4060 MIDTERM EXAM (FALL 2015)

 Name:
 Student ID:

There are 4 questions on this test. Answer all of them.

Write your answers on this question paper.

No books, notes or calculators are allowed.

Time allowed: 105 minutes.

Question 1(a)	/10
Question 1(b)	/12
Question 2(a)	/10
Question 2(b)	/14
Question 3(a)	/10
Question 3(b)	/10
Question 4(a)	/10
Question 4(b)	/12
Question 4(c)	/12
Total Score	/100

Notation: Throughout this test, if a > 0, we will denote by S_a the horizontal strip $S_a := \{z \in \mathbb{C} : |\text{Im } z| < a\}.$

1. (a) If $\{f_n\}$ is a sequence of entire functions on \mathbb{C} , and f is another function on \mathbb{C} such that f_n converges uniformly to f on every compact subset of \mathbb{C} , show that f is entire. (10 points) (You may use Morera's theorem without proof, but then you should give a precise statement of a form of that theorem that you are using.)

(b) Let

$$g(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-2\pi n^2} e^{2\pi i n z}.$$

Show that g defines an entire function on \mathbb{C} , and that the order of growth of g is less than or equal to 2. (12 points) (Hint: Show first that $-2n^2 + 2|n||z| \leq -n^2 + |z|^2$.)

2. Suppose f is a holomorphic function on the strip S_2 , and that there exists a constant $A \ge 0$ such that

$$|f(z)| \le \frac{A}{1+|z|^2} \quad \text{for all } z \in S_2.$$

(a) Let L_1 and L_2 be the contours given by the horizontal lines

$$L_1 = \{ \operatorname{Im} z = -1 \} \text{ and } L_2 = \{ \operatorname{Im} z = 1 \},\$$

both oriented such that the real part of z increases along the contour. Show that

$$\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} f(n) = \int_{L_1} \frac{f(z)}{e^{2\pi i z} - 1} dz - \int_{L_2} \frac{f(z)}{e^{2\pi i z} - 1} dz.$$

(10 points)

(b) From part (a), sketch a proof that

$$\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} f(n) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \widehat{f}(n),$$

where $\widehat{f}(n) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x)e^{-2\pi i nx} dx$. (14 points) (Hint: Treat the integrals along L_1 and L_2 separately. You should explain why the treatments for the two contour integrals are different.)

- 3. For each of the following statements, determine whether it is true or false. Justify your answer. (10 points each)
 - (a) If f is a holomorphic function on S_2 , and there exists a constant $A \ge 0$ such that

$$|f(z)| \le \frac{A}{1+|z|^{2015}}$$
 for all $z \in S_2$,

then for any $n \in \mathbb{N}$, there exists a constant B, depending only on A and n, such that

$$|f^{(n)}(z)| \le \frac{B}{1+|z|^{2015}}$$
 for all $z \in S_1$.

(b) If f is a holomorphic function on the strip S_1 , and f(x) is real whenever $x \in [0, 1]$, then f(x) is real for all $x \in \mathbb{R}$.

- 4. In this question Log refers to the principal branch of the logarithm. In particular, it is just the natural logarithm when applied to a positive number.
 - (a) Is there an entire function on \mathbb{C} whose zero set is precisely $\{ \text{Log } n \colon n \in \mathbb{N} \}$? If yes, give a construction; if not, explain why not. (10 points)

(b) Repeat part (a) if we replace "an entire function" by "an entire function of finite order". (12 points)

(c) Characterize all entire functions f that are of finite order, and satisfy $f(\log n) = n$ for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$.

(12 points) (Hint: Use your solution to part (b).)

End of paper